CREDICORP

Earnings Conference Call Fourth Quarter & Full-year Results 2017

Macroeconomic Outlook

Peru will continue to outperform the region despite downside risks driven by local factors...

CHART 1: World's GDP growth & forecasts (% change) (1)



CHART 3: Decrease in Peru's Sovereign Yields (% change YoY, basis points) (2)



CHART 2: Change in Commodity Prices (% change Jan-16 vs Jan-18) (2)

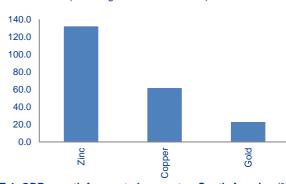


CHART 4: GDP growth forecasts by country- South America (%) $^{(1)}$

Countries	2017	2018
Peru (3)	2.4	3.5
Chile	1.7	3.0
Colombia	1.7	3.0
Argentina	2.8	2.5
Mexico	2.0	2.3
Ecuador	2.7	2.2
Brazil	1.1	1.9

⁽¹⁾ Source: livir

⁽²⁾ Source: Bloomberg, as of January 25th 2018

⁽³⁾ Forecast from Credicorp



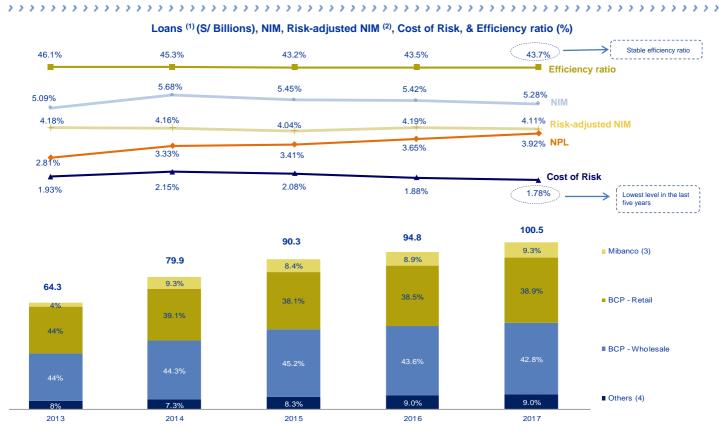
Credicorp's results posted a ROAE of 19.8% for full year 2017, which is higher than the ROAE posted in 2016...

	S/ million	4Q17	2017	QoQ	YoY	2017/2016
Profitability	Net income ROAE ROAA	S/ 1,064 19.5% 2.5%	S/ 4,092 19.8% 2.5%	▼ 12.7% ▼ 330 bps ▼ 50 bps	▲18.8% ▲ 100 bps ▲ 20 bps	▲16.4% ▲ 20bps ▲ 20bps
Loan Book: Growth & Quality (measured in Average daily balances)	Nominal growth FX-adj. growth Net provisions Cost of risk	- - S/ 441.3 1.76%	- - S/ 1,789.2 1.78%	▲ 2.8% ▲ 2.9% ▲ 16.7% ▲ 17 bps	▲ 3.0% ▲ 4.8% ▼ 3.9% ▼ 18 bps	▲ 1.9% ▼ 2.6% ▲ 0.2 % ▼ 10 bps
Net interest income (NII) & Net interest margin (NIM)	NII NIM Risk-adj. NIM	S/ 2,065 5.28% 4.15%	S/ 8,071.5 5.28% 4.11%	▲ 2.0% ▼ 4 bps ▼ 17 bps	▲ 1.1% ▼ 30 bps ▼ 17 bps	▲ 2.5% ▼ 14 bps ▼ 8 bps
Efficiency	Cost/Income	45.3%	43.7%	▲ 160 bps	▲ 180 bps	▲ 20bps
Capital (BCP Stand-alone)	CET1 ratio	11.83%		▼ 10 bps	▲ 75 bps	-

Credicorp - Annual Financial Performance



Annual NIM contracted in comparison to the figure posted in 2016; however cost of risk reached its lowest level in 5 years and efficiency remained stable...



⁽¹⁾ Year end balances

⁽²⁾ Risk-Adjusted NIM ratio = Annualized Net Interest Income after Net provisions for Ioan losses / Average Interest Earning Assets.

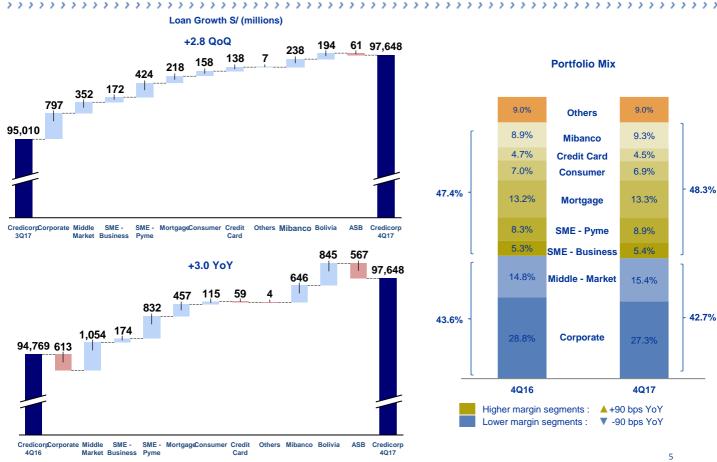
⁽³⁾ Includes Edyficar.

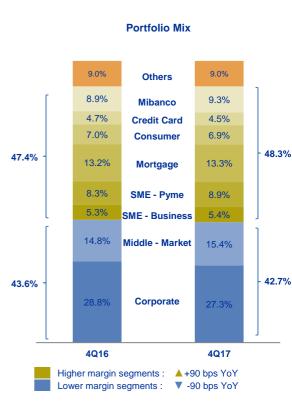
⁽⁴⁾ Includes BCP Bolivia, ASB.

Loan Portfolio – Average Daily Balances



Growth in average-daily-balances was driven mainly by lower-margin business segments that increased their share in total loans ...

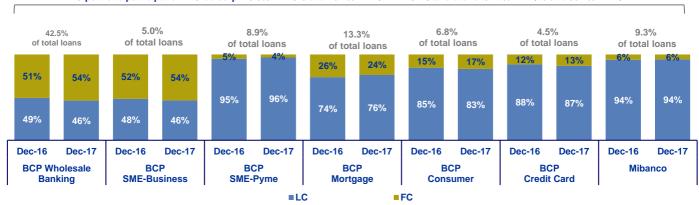






Loans of clients highly-exposed to FX risk continued to represent a percentage close to zero of total loans ...

FC portfolio participation: Credicorp: 40.0% in 4Q16 and 40.7% in 4Q17 - BCP Stand-alone: 37.1% in 4Q16 and 38.1% in 4Q17



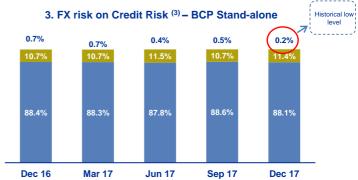
2. BCRP loan de-dollarization plan

BCP Stand-alone has achieved some levels of compliance in terms of FC portfolios subject to the de-dollarization program:

- Total FC loan portfolio, with certain exceptions ⁽²⁾, de-dollarized by 22% (vs. 20% target at Dec 17)
- ✓ FC Mortgage and Car loan portfolio dedollarized by 39% (vs. 40% target at Dec 17)



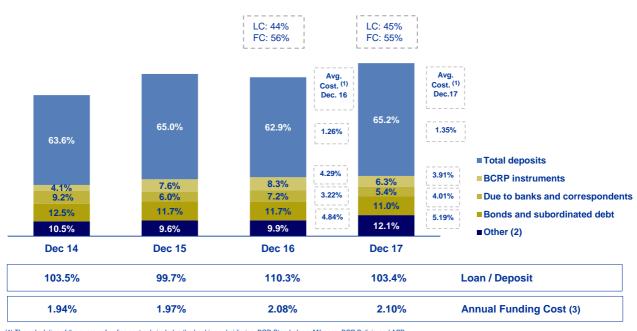
- (2) Excludes foreign trade, long-term loans (more than 3 years and over US\$10 million).
- (3) Exposure for Credicorp's loan book is lower.





On an annual basis, Deposits' share in the funding mix increased, while BCRP instruments posted a drop in their share as repos expired ...

Credicorp - Evolution of Funding Structure (in Q-end balances) and Funding Cost



⁽¹⁾ The calculation of the average funding cost only includes the banking subsidiaries: BCP Stand-alone, Mibanco, BCP Bolivia and ASB.

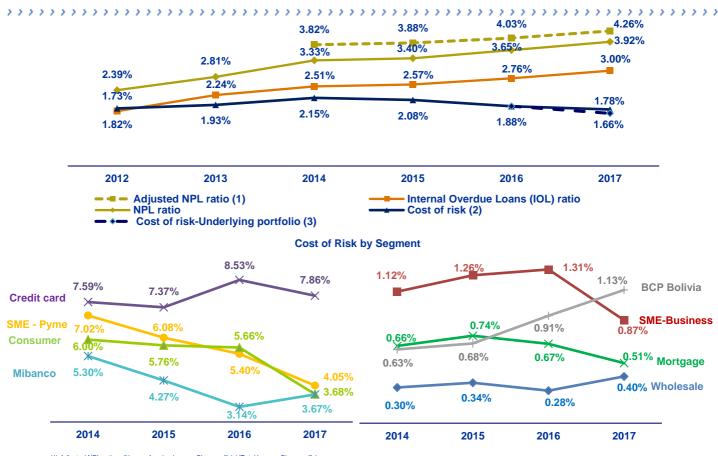
⁽²⁾ Includes acceptances outstanding, reserves for property and casualty claims, reserve for unearned premiums, reinsurance payable and other liabilities.

⁽³⁾ The ratios differ from the previously reported, please consider these ratios.

Portfolio Quality and Cost of Risk



The Cost of Risk reached its lowest level in the last 6 years...



⁽¹⁾ Adjusted NPL ratio = (Non-performing loans + Charge-offs) / (Total loans + Charge-offs).

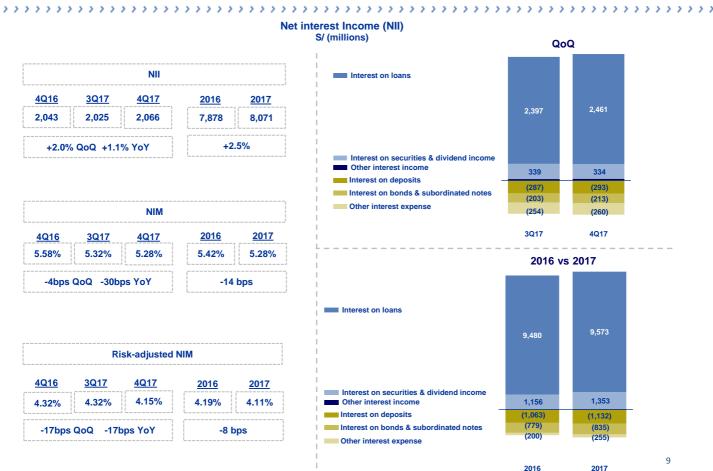
⁽²⁾ Cost of risk = Annualized provisions for loan losses net of recoveries / Total loans.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted cost of risk of March 17 and June 17 calculated eliminating provisions related to the construction sector and the El Nino weather phenomenon.

Net Interest Income (NII) & Net Interest Margin (NIM)

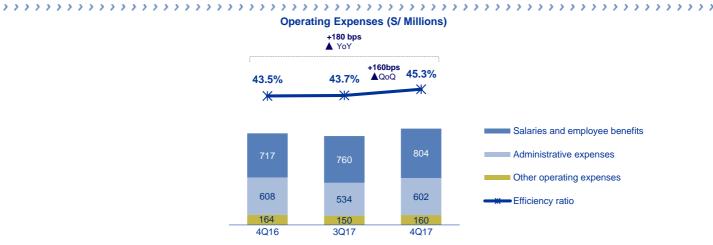


NIM and Risk-adjusted NIM decreased QoQ in line with higher loan growth in low margin segments...





Credicorp's efficiency ratio increased QoQ and YoY reflecting the higher expenses in Salaries and Employees Benefits ...



Operating efficiency (1) by Subsidiary

	BCP Stand-alone	Mibanco	BCP Bolivia	ASB	PGA	Prima	Credicorp Capital	Credicorp
4Q16 ⁽²⁾	41.6%	52.9%	58.0%	20.1%	28.0%	46.9%	89.0%	43.5%
3Q17	41.1%	48.4%	55.6%	22.4%	31.0%	51.3%	106.9%	43.7%
4Q17	44.7%	45.2%	64.1%	22.1%	30.2%	51.7%	104.8%	45.3%
Var. QoQ	360 bps	-320 bps	850 bps	-30 bps	-80 bps	40 bps	-210 bps	160 bps
Var. YoY	310 bps	-770 bps	610 bps	200 bps	220 bps	480 bps	1580 bps	180 bps
2016	40.6%	56.4%	56.7%	23.3%	27.5%	44.6%	100.3%	43.5%
2017	41.5%	50.6%	57.9%	22.3%	28.9%	47.4%	102.4%	43.7%
Var.2017 / 2016	90 bps	-580 bps	120 bps	-100 bps	140 bps	280 bps	210 bps	20 bps

^{(1) (}Salaries and employee benefits + Administrative expenses + Depreciation and amortization + Acquisition cost) / (Net interest income + Fee income + Result for difference in exchange + Net gain on derivatives + Result on exchange difference + Net gain from associates + Net premium earned).

⁽²⁾ Figures of subsidiaries differ from previously reported, please consider the data presented on this report.



Guidance 2018					
Macroeconomic indicators					
Real GDP growth %	≈3.50	0%			
Domestic demand real growth%	≈3.70%				
Private investment growth %	≈3.20%				
Public investment growth %	≈11.50%				
BCRP reference rate year-end	2.75%				
Inflation %	2.50%				
Exchange rate Year-end	3.20	3.25			

Credicorp			
Loan growth (average daily balances)	6.00%	8.00%	
Cost of Risk	1.70%	1.60%	
NIM	5.30%	5.50%	
Efficiency ratio	Stable	Slight decrease	
BCP Stand-alone CET1	A minimum as close as possible to 10.5% in each 1Q (quarter in which we reflect the declaration of dividends each year).		
ROAE 2018	17.50%	18.50%	
Sustainable ROAE	≈19.00%		



This material includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical information provided herein are forward-looking and may contain information about financial results, economic conditions, trends and known uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based only on the Company's current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions.

Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as: ["anticipate,"] ["intend,"] ["plan,"] ["goal,"] ["seek,"] ["believe,"] ["project,"] ["extimate,"] ["expect,"] ["strategy,"] ["future,"] ["likely,"] ["may,"] ["should,"] ["will"] and similar references to future periods. Examples of forward-looking statements include, among others, statements we make regarding [SPECIFIC REFERENCES TO TYPES OF FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ACTUALLY MADE, FOR EXAMPLE: [guidance relating to net income and net income per share,] [expected operating results ,such as revenue growth and earnings,] [anticipated levels of capital expenditures for [TIME PERIOD],] [current or future volatility in the credit markets and future market conditions,]] [our belief that we have sufficient liquidity to fund our business operations during the next [TIME PERIOD],] [expectations of the effect on our financial condition of claims, litigation, environmental costs, contingent liabilities and governmental and regulatory investigations and proceedings,] [strategy for customer retention, growth, product development, market position, financial results and reserves,] and [strategy for risk management]].

The Company cautions readers that actual results could differ materially from those expected by the Company, depending on the outcome of certain factors, including, without limitation: (1) adverse changes in the Peruvian economy with respect to the rates of inflation, economic growth, currency devaluation, and other factors, (2) adverse changes in the Peruvian political situation, including, without limitation, the reversal of market-oriented reforms and economic recovery measures, or the failure of such measures and reforms to achieve their goals, and (3) adverse changes in the markets in which the Company operates, including increased competition, decreased demand for financial services, and other factors. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. Our actual results and financial condition may differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements. Therefore, you should not rely on any of these forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statement made in this material is based only on information currently available to the Company and speaks only as of the date on which it is made. The Company undertakes no obligation to release publicly the result of any revisions to these forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof, including, without limitation, changes in the Company's business strategy or planned capital expenditures, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.