

March 2014



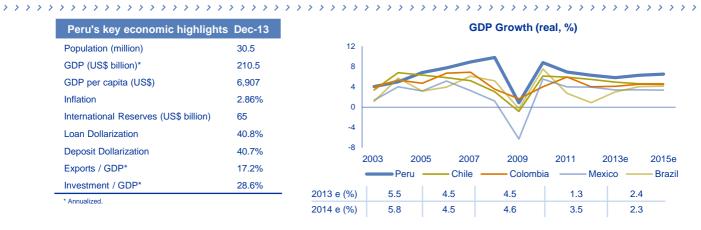
Environment Credicorp Business Units Sustainability



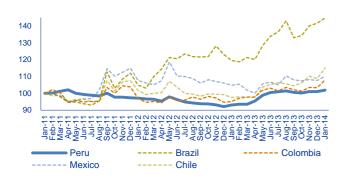
Peru's economic performance and outlook remain above LatAm peers'...

Peru's key economic highlights	Dec-13
Population (million)	30.5
GDP (US\$ billion)*	210.5
GDP per capita (US\$)	6,907
Inflation	2.86%
International Reserves (US\$ billion)	65
Loan Dollarization	40.8%
Deposit Dollarization	40.7%
Exports / GDP*	17.2%
Investment / GDP*	28.6%

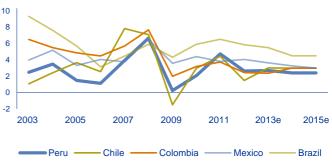
^{*} Annualized.



Exchange Rates in LatAm (Jan.'11=100)



Inflation (%, eop)



Sources: BCP, IMF (August, 2013), BCRP and Bloomberg.

^{*} Peru's figures, source BCP.

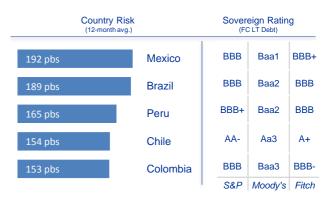


Fiscal consolidation led to an improved sovereign rating and low country risk perception...

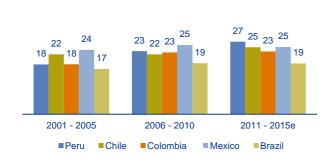




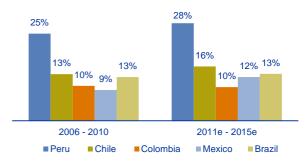
Low risk environment



Investment (% GDP)



International Reserves (% GDP)



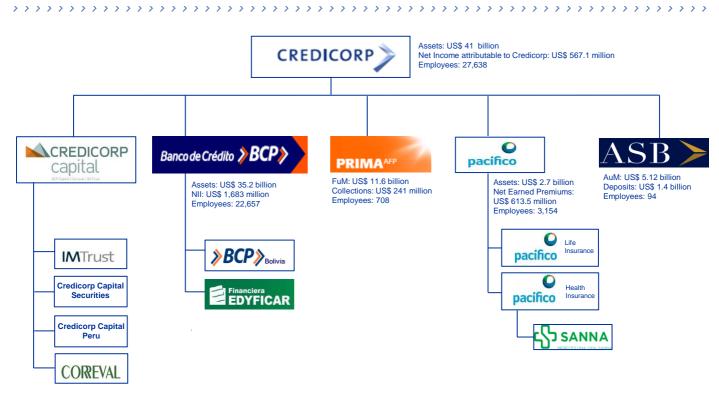


Environment Credicorp Business Units Sustainability

Credicorp - Organizational structure



The largest financial holding in the country with a diversified business portfolio...

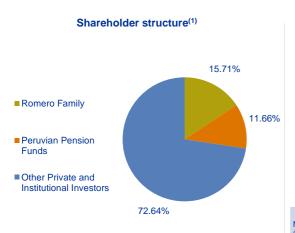


The chart shows the main subsidiaries of Credicorp after the establishment of the regional investment banking platform under Credicorp Capital Ltd. Figures as of December 2013.

Credicorp – Shareholder structure and Growth indicators



At current market price, Credicorp's market cap stands at US\$ 10,592 million...





Key Figures: Credicorp	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Net shareholder's equity (US\$ MM) ⁽³⁾	1,604	1,767	2,011	2,561	3,022	3,744	4,233
Net income / common share (US\$/share) ⁽⁴⁾	4.40	4.49	5.89	7.16	8.89	9.89	7.11
Employees	16,160	19,896	20,148	19,641	22,276	26,541	27,638

¹⁾ Percentages (calculated without Treasury shares) estimated as of February 2013.

Year-end figures.

⁽³⁾ Averages are determined as the average of period-beginning and period-ending balances.

⁴⁾ Based on Net Income attributed to BAP. Number of shares outstanding of 79.8 million in all periods.

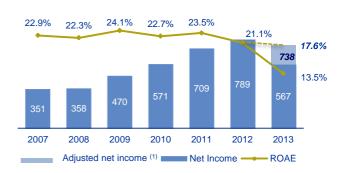


The following figures reflect the strong business performance over recent years and the impact of the currency move in 2013...

Loans (US\$ Bn.) & PDL Ratio (%)



Net Income (US\$ million) & ROAE (%)



Net Interest Income (US\$ million) & NIM (%)



Operating Expenses (US\$ million) & Efficiency Ratio (%)



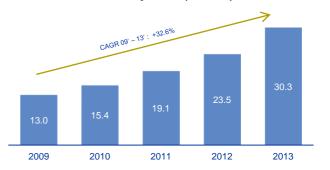


Loan growth outlook remains positive in spite of deceleration of Peruvian economy...

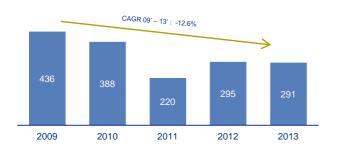
Foreign Currency Loans (US\$ Bn.)



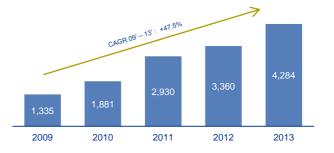
Local Currency Loans (PEN Bn.)*



Foreign Currency Net Interest Income (US\$ million)



Local Currency Net Interest Income (S/. million)*





Strong loan growth accompanied by higher profitability this Q...

Summary of Results			Quarter			Change %		Year Ended	
			3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY	2013	2012	2013 - 2012
	Net Income (US\$ million)	151.6	179.4	200.2	-15.5%	-24.3%	567.1	788.8	-28.1%
	EPS (US\$)	1.90	2.25	2.51	-15.5%		7.11	9.89	-28.1%
Danisha	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
Results	Operating Income (US\$ million) (1)	222.8	261.6	238.3	-14.8%	-6.5%	965.2	984.7	-2.0%
	Traslation Result (US\$ million)	(4.8)	(3.3)	30.5		-115.7%	(105.3)	75.1	-240.2%
	Net Interest Income (US\$ million)	473.2	458.7	430.7	3.2%	9.8%	1,823	1,612	13.1%
	ROAE (%)	14.6%	18.0%	19.6%	-340 bps	-500 bps	13.5%	20.9%	-740 bps
	ROAA (%)	1.5%	1.8%	2.0%	-30 bps	-50 bps	1.4%	2.2%	-80 bps
Profitability	NIM, interest earning assets (%)	5.20%	5.13%	4.96%	+7 bps	+24bps	5.00%	5.08%	-10 bps
	NIM on loans BCP (%)	8.40%	8.35%	8.06%	+5 bps	+34 bps	8.23%	8.12%	+11 bps
	T-4-11 (LIO¢ I-:II:)	00.0	00.4	04.5	0.00/	7.40/	00.0	04.5	7.40/
Loan	Total Loans (US\$ billion)	23.0	22.4	21.5	2.6%	7.1%	23.0	21.5	7.1%
Portfolio	PDL (%)	2.24%	2.18%	1.73%	+6 bps	+51 bps	2.24%	1.73%	+51 bps
Quality	Net Provisions/Total loans (%)	2.18%	2.12%	1.92%	+6 bps	+26 bps	1.97%	1.69%	+28 bps
	Net Describe Ferred (LIOA cellina)	400.0	000.0	400.0	7 70/	4.00/	705.0	704.0	44.50/
Insurance Indicators	Net Premius Earned (US\$ million)	188.3	203.9	190.8	-7.7%	-1.3%	785.0	704.2	11.5%
Indicators	Underw riting result (US\$ million) (2)	20.9	26.8	34.1	-22.0%	-38.7%	93.5	96.1	-2.7%
Efficiency	Efficiency Ratio (%)	45.8%	42.0%	47.9%	+380 bps	-210 bps	43.8%	43.6%	+20 bps
		10.555	10.01-	11.00=	0.000	0.001	10.505	44.00=	0.007
Holding Size	Market Capitalization (US\$ million)	10,586	10,245	11,635	3.3%	-9.0%	10,586	11,635	-9.0%
	Total Assets (US\$ billion) (3)	41.0	40.2	41.1	2.0%	-0.4%	41.0	41.1	-0.2%

⁽¹⁾ Income before translation results and income taxes.

⁽²⁾ Figures of Pacífico. Doesn't include technical result from medical subsidiaries.

⁽³⁾ Averages are determined as the average of period-beginning and period-ending balances.

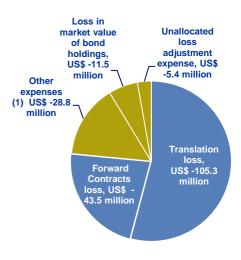


To better reflect the business's true performance we try to isolate non-recurrent events ... to reach an adjusted Recurrent Net Income...

Net Income of US\$ 567.1 million was impacted by:

	2013	2012	% Change
Reported operating income (A)	965.2	984.7	-2.0%
Forward contracts losses	43.5		
Other expenses (1)	28.8		
Loss in market value of bond holdings	11.5		
Unallocated loss adjustment expense (ULAE) (2)	5.4		
Total adjustments (B)	89.1		
Adjusted operating income (A)+(B)	1,054.3	984.7	7.1%

Reported net income (C)	567.1	788.8	-28.1%
Translation result (D)	105.3	-75.1	-240.2%
Tax adjustment (3) (E)	-23.2	19.5	-
Adjusted net income (C)+(B)+(D)+(E)	738.3	733.2	0.7%



- Non-recurrent losses related to operations, US\$ 45.7 million
- Accounting losses related to impact of devaluation on LC equity position, US\$148.8 million

⁽¹⁾ Includes payments to SUNAT and ESSALUD for previous periods; contingent charges in Bolivia; de-recognition of assets associated with system development and installations; an impairment loss after IM Trust was valuated according to IFRS norms, among others.

²⁾ ULAE: newly introduced local regulatory reserve at Pacifico to cover administrative expenses for claims in case insurance companies cease operations - "catch-up" amount.

³⁾ Taxes related to higher or lower income at 26% effective tax rate.



To understand real business growth & performance we must look at income and expenses in the currency in which they were generated...

BAP	% Change LC *		% Change LC		% Change FC		% Total Change	Combined % Total Change
uni	Expressed in PEN 2013 vs. 2012		Expressed in US\$ 2013 vs. 2012		Expressed in US\$ 2013 vs. 2012		Expressed in US\$ 2013 vs. 2012	Expressed in US\$ 2013 vs. 2012 ⁽⁴⁾
Adjusted interest income	27.8%		16.6%		7.2%		13.7%	
Adjusted interest expenses	25.0%		14.1%		11.2%		12.3%	
Adjusted Net interest income (1)	28.2%	\rightarrow	17.0%	+	2.6%		14.2%	24.1%
Fee income	24.4%		13.5%		11.5%		13.0%	
Net gain on foreign exchange transaction	24.0%		13.1%		1.8%		11.0%	
Net premiuns earned	24.9%	\rightarrow	13.9%	+	7.1%		11.5%	
Core non financial income (2)	24.5%		13.6%		8.5%		12.1%	19.9%
Adjusted Operating expenses (3)	18.4%	\rightarrow	8.0%	+	25.0%	=	13.6%	20.4%

^{*} Converted to Nuevos Soles at Q-end exchange rate.

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted NII excludes other interest income and other interest expenses. At year end, 84.1% of adjusted NII is generated in LC, 15.9% in FC.

⁽²⁾ At year end, 71.2% of non financial income is generated in LC, 28.9% in FC.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted Operating expenses excludes the non-recurring expenses. At year end, 70% of adjusted operating expense is generated in LC, 30% in FC.

⁽⁴⁾ Calculated by adding up the weighted % change of each currency.



Adjusted and recurrent results better than reported numbers suggest...

Real Growth % Loan portfolio (1) **Recurrent Net Income:** 17.3% Cost of risk 2.2% **US\$ 738.3 million** Adjusted net interest income (2) 24.1% Core non financial income (3) 19.9% **Recurrent ROAE:** Adjusted operating expenses (4) 20.4% 17.6% Recurrent net income 0.7%

⁽¹⁾ Weighted average growth BCP average daily balances by currency

⁽²⁾ Adjusted NII excludes other interest income and other interest expenses

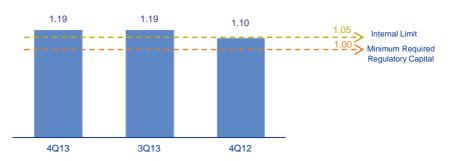
⁽³⁾ Excludes gain from sale of securities

⁽⁴⁾ Adjusted operating expenses excludes the non-recurring expenses



Credicorp maintains a level of capitalization 1.19 times higher than the minimum required by Basel II standards...

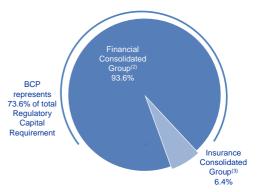
Evolution Regulatory Capital Ratio(1) (Basel II)



Regulatory Capital Requirement vs. Regulatory Capital (US\$ million)



Regulatory Capital Requirements Structure



⁽¹⁾ Regulatory Capital/Total regulatory Capital Requirement.

⁽²⁾ Includes: BCP, ASB, BCP Bolivia, Edyficar, Solución EAH, AFP Prima, Credicorp Ltd, Grupo Crédito, Credicorp Capital and others.

⁽³⁾ Includes: Pacifico Grupo Asegurador.



Environment Credicorp Business Units Sustainability

Business Units

Banking – BCP

- Market overview

-Results

-Strategy

Insurance - Pacifico

Asset Management – ASB & Prima

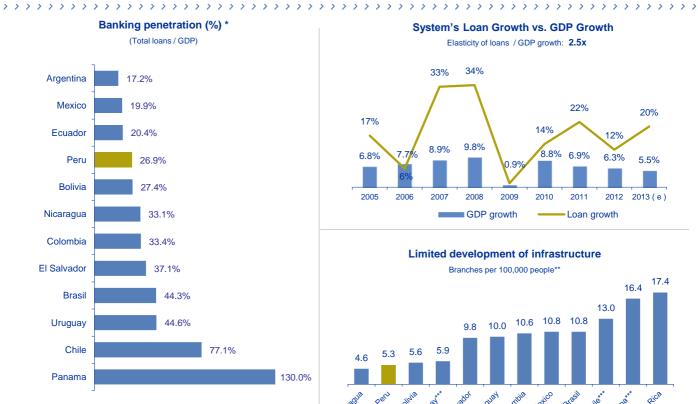
AFP

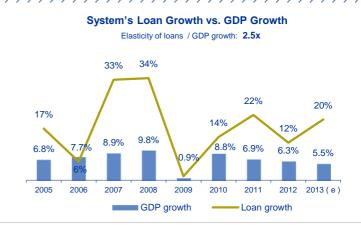
Investment Banking – Credicorp

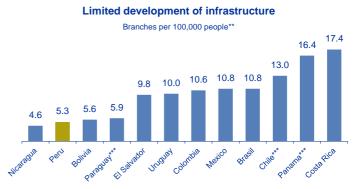
Capital



Low banking penetration and high elasticity of loans (2.5x) provide high loan growth potential...





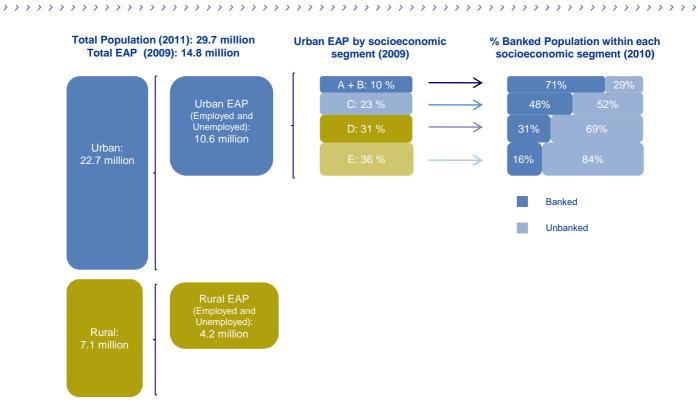


*As of September, 2012. **As of February, 2012. Sources: BCRP, SBS, FMI y FELABAN.

***As of December, 2011.

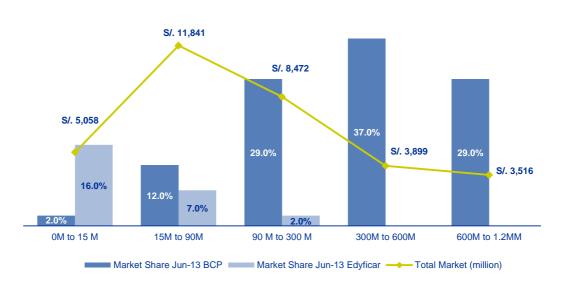


...Retail banking still offers strong growth opportunity: only 50% of employed EAP is banked.





Significant growth opportunities in SME segments...



Competition - Market Shares Jun13

Scotiabank	6.0%	12.0%	18.0%	12.0%	11.0%
BBVA		2.0%	10.0%	25.0%	38.0%
MiBanco	12.0%	16.0%	11.0%	4.0%	2.0%

Business Units

Banking - BCP

-Market overview

-Results

Strategy

Insurance – Pacifico

Asset Management – ASB & Prima

AFP

Investment Banking – Credicorp

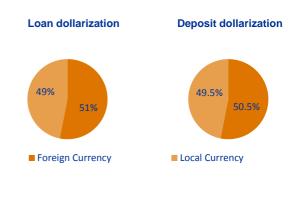
Capital



BCP is the largest bank and the leading supplier of integrated financial services in Peru...

Financial Highlights	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12
Assets (US\$ million)	35,238	34,337	35,793
Loans (US\$ million)	22,309	21,715	20,755
Deposits (US\$ million)	23,174	22,784	22,835
Equity (US\$ million)	2,972	2,843	2,775
Operating income (US\$ million) (1)	212.9	214.4	194.7
Net Income (US\$ million)	144.3	150.8	171
Net financial margin	5.37%	5.27%	5.22%
NIM on loans (2)	8.40%	8.35%	8.06%
ROAE (3)	19.9%	21.9%	25.2%
Efficiency ratio	46.9%	46.1%	52.3%
PDL ratio	2.30%	2.25%	1.78%
BIS ratio (4)	14.46%	14.12%	14.72%

Network	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	
Branches	401	387	365	
Agentes BCP	5,820	5,385	5,713	
ATM	2,091	2,039	1,844	
Employees	22,657	22,403	21,798	



¹⁾ Income before translation results and income taxes.

²⁾ NIM on loans = [(Interest on loans – Total financial expenses * Share of total loans within total earning assets)*4] / [Average of total loans (the beginning and closing balances of the period].

⁽³⁾ Average are determined as the average of period-beginning and period-ending balances.

⁴⁾ Regulatory Capital / Risk-weighted assets (legal minimum = 10% since July 2011). Risk weighted assets include market risk and operation risk.



Important growth across all our products...

	Total Loans (1) (US\$ million)						
	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY	% Part	
Wholesale Banking	10,419	9,897	9,314	5.3%	11.9%	46%	
- Corporate	6,682	6,336	5,784	5.5%	15.5%	30%	
- Middle Market	3,737	3,561	3,530	5.0%	5.9%	17%	
Retail Banking	9,930	9,624	9,089	3.2%	9.3%	44%	
- SME	2,543	2,480	2,362	2.5%	7.7%	11%	
- Business	949	905	861	4.9%	10.3%	4%	
- Mortgage	3,493	3,402	3,119	2.7%	12.0%	16%	
- Consumer	1,927	1,853	1,740	4.0%	10.7%	9%	
- Credit Card	1,018	985	1,007	3.4%	1.1%	5%	
Edyficar	898	823	701	9.1%	28.1%	4%	
Others (2)	1,169	1,107	988	5.6%	18.3%	5%	
Total Loans	22 416	21 451	20 091	4 5%	11.6%	100%	

Domestic	Currency	Loans (1)	Foreign Currency Loans (1)					
	(% Part.)			(% Part.)				
4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12			
27%	23%	20%	73%	77%	80%			
28%	24%	19%	72%	76%	81%			
25%	22%	21%	75%	78%	79%			
71%	70%	68%	29%	30%	32%			
89%	89%	88%	11%	11%	12%			
27%	25%	23%	73%	75%	77%			
60%	57%	52%	40%	43%	48%			
79%	79%	80%	21%	21%	20%			
88%	88%	89%	12%	12%	11%			
99%	99%	98%	1%	1%	2%			
5%	5%	7%	95%	95%	93%			
48%	46%	44%	52%	54%	56%			

		Domestic Currency Loans (1)						
	(Nuevos Soles million)							
	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY	% Part		
Wholesale Banking	7,730	6,379	4,687	21.2%	64.9%	26%		
- Corporate	5,132	4,215	2,781	21.8%	84.5%	17%		
- Middle Market	2,598	2,164	1,906	20.1%	36.3%	9%		
Retail Banking	19,608	18,715	15,986	4.8%	22.7%	65%		
- SME	6,319	6,132	5,352	3.1%	18.1%	21%		
- Business	717	641	555	11.9%	29.2%	2%		
- Mortgage	5,820	5,445	4,196	6.9%	38.7%	19%		
- Consumer	4,243	4,070	3,567	4.3%	19.0%	14%		
- Credit Card	2,509	2,428	2,316	3.3%	8.3%	8%		
Edyficar	2,477	2,270	1,775	9.1%	39.5%	8%		
Others (2)	149	150	128	-0.7%	16.6%	0%		
Total Loans	29,964	27,515	22,576	8.9%	32.7%	100%		

Foreign Currency Loans (1) (US\$ million)								
4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY	% Part			
7,647	7,613	7,492	0.4%	2.1%	66%			
4,841	4,827	4,703	0.3%	2.9%	41%			
2,806	2,786	2,789	0.7%	0.6%	24%			
2,897	2,924	2,896	-0.9%	0.1%	25%			
274	285	285	-3.8%	-4.0%	2%			
694	675	661	2.7%	4.9%	6%			
1,406	1,452	1,488	-3.2%	-5.5%	12%			
405	396	354	2.2%	14.5%	3%			
119	116	107	2.6%	10.6%	1%			
10	10	11	-4.4%	-10.4%	0%			
1,116	1,053	919	5.9%	21.5%	10%			
11,670	11,601	11,318	0.6%	3.1%	100%			

⁽¹⁾ Average daily balance.

⁽²⁾ Includes Work Out Unit, other banking and BCP Bolivia.



Local currency deposits expanded +1.4% YoY and foreign currency ones expanded +12.1% YoY...

	LC Deposits (PEN million)					FC Deposits (US\$ million)						
	Quarter		% Change			Quarter			% Change			
	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY	% Part.	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY	% Part.
Non interest bearing deposits	7,518	6,982	7,215	7.7%	4.2%	23.5%	3,507	3,283	3,378	6.8%	3.8%	30.0%
Demand deposits	1,522	1,872	1,918	-18.7%	-20.6%	4.7%	699	687	623	1.8%	12.1%	6.0%
Saving deposits	10,035	9,378	8,841	7.0%	13.5%	31.3%	2,765	2,700	2,618	2.4%	5.6%	23.6%
Time deposits	9,166	11,834	10,609	-22.5%	-13.6%	28.6%	3,623	3,097	2,712	17.0%	33.6%	30.9%
Severance indemnity deposits (CTS)	3,661	3,058	2,888	19.7%	26.8%	11.4%	1,094	1,100	1,100	-0.5%	-0.5%	9.3%
Interest payable	140	146	114	-4.5%	22.4%	0.4%	21	20	19	5.8%	15.3%	0.2%
Total customer deposits	32,041	33,270	31,584	-3.7%	1.4%	100.0%	11,710	10,887	10,449	7.6%	12.1%	100.0%

Interest rate on loans (monthly avg.)

Interest rate on deposits (monthly avg.)







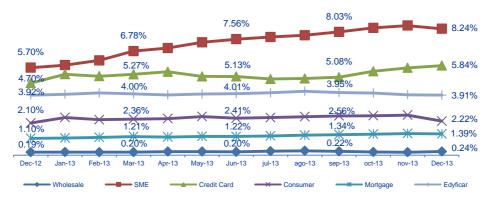
The increase in PDLs is a result of maturing retail loans which account for 51.0% of total portfolio...

Loan Portfolio⁽¹⁾ by Banking Segment (US\$ million) & PDL ratio (%)



(1) Average daily balance. Excluding other loans.

PDL Ratio by segment (%)





Strong growth in NII accompanied by better NIMs on loans...

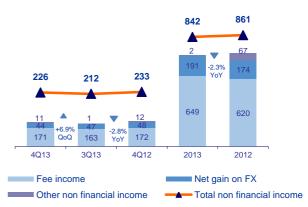




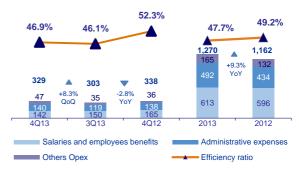
Net Interest Margin



Non financial Income (US\$ million)



Operating Expenses (US\$ million)

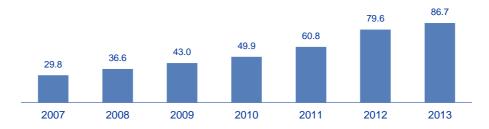




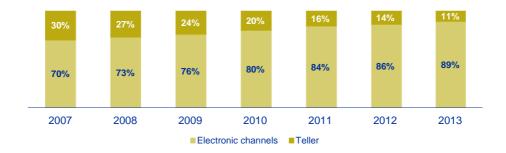
Electronic channels continue to grow, while total number of transactions went up +8.9% Dec12-Dec13...

······

Number of transactions – Monthly average (millions of transactions)

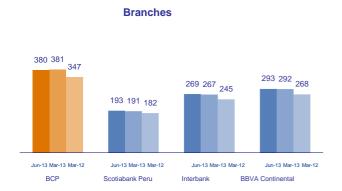


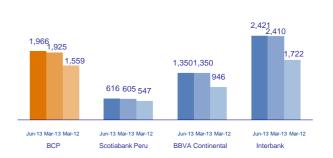
Teller transactions vs. Other channels





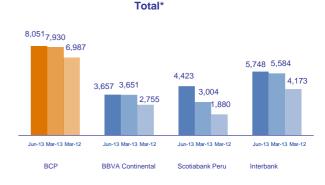
Network expansion in line with penetration objectives....





ATMs

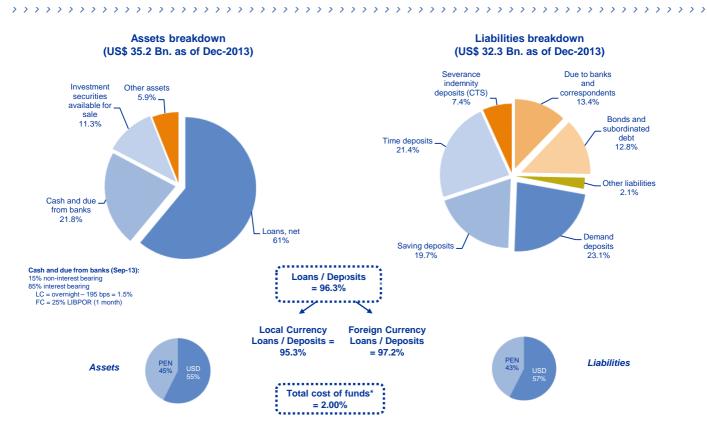




^{*} Includes,: Branches, ATM's and Agentes. Sources:SBS and BCP



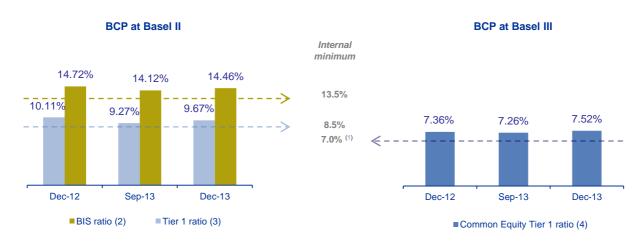
BCP maintains a diversified low-cost funding structure, though a conservative A&L Management Policy...



^{*} Funding cost = [(Total interest expenses – Other interest expenses) * 4] / [Total Deposits + Due banks and correspondants + Bonds and subordinated debt]. We consider the average between the beginning and closing balances of total liabilities (excluding other liabilities).



BCP is in the process of alignment to Basel III framework, however local regulator is still evaluating the application of such ...



	Transition to Basel III - Benchmarks					
	2014	2016	2019	2019 ⁽⁵⁾		
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio	4.0%	5.125%	7.0%	9.5%		

Will increase 0.5% annually.

Regulatory Capital / Risk-weighted assets (legal minimum = 10% since July 2011).

³⁾ Tier 1 / Risk-weighted assets. Tier 1 = Capital + Legal and other capital Reserves + Accumulated earnings with capitalization agreement + Unrealized profit and net income in subsidiaries - Goodwill - (0.5 x Investment in Subsidiaries) + Perpetual subordinated debt (maximum amount that can be included is 17.65% of Capital + Reserves + Accumulated earnings with capitalization agreement + Unrealized profit and net income in subsidiaries - Goodwill).

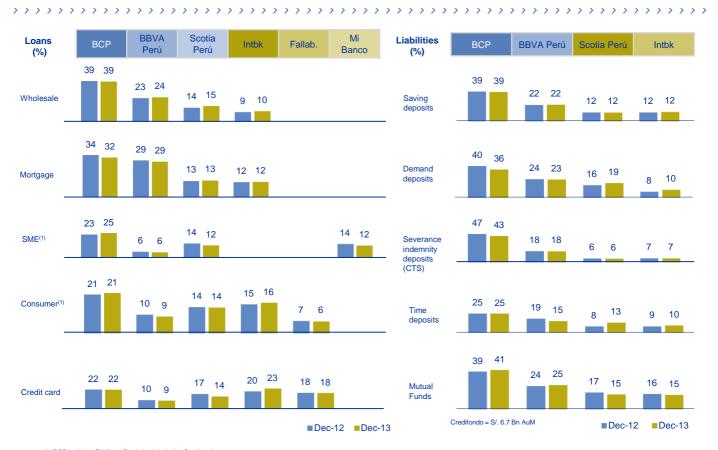
⁽⁴⁾ Common Equity Tier I = Capital + Reserves – 100% of applicable deductions (investment in subsidiaries, goodwill, intangibles and deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability) + retained earnings + unrealized gains.

⁽⁵⁾ Accounts for the 2.5% countercyclical buffer.

Banco de Crédito BCP - Overall market shares



BCP has consolidated its leadership in all product lines, but has space to grow in the retail business...



Business Units

Banking - BCP

-Market overview

-Results

-Strategy

Insurance – Pacifico

Asset Management – ASB & Prima

AFP

Investment Banking – Credicorp

Capital

deposits.

talent in the market.

Top management team.



Throughout its 125 years BCP has developed substantial competitive advantages over its competitors....

Largest network Strong franchise · Largest and most diversified Consolidated leadership in all network in the industry. segments in which we operate Strong franchise Largest network Pioneers in alternative channels both in terms of loans and such as Agente BCP and deposits. Telecredito. Efficient placement of new products and collection process thru alternative channels. Sound funding structure Sound funding recognition structure Focused on low cost core Competitive Brand **Brand recognition** · Deposits represent 70% of **Advantages** total funding. Most recognized brand in · Low average cost of funds. its industry. · Client attraction and retention. Human Capital Information **Human Capital** Information · Position as leader has allowed for 125 years of operations has led to largest attraction and retention of the best

client data base in the industry.

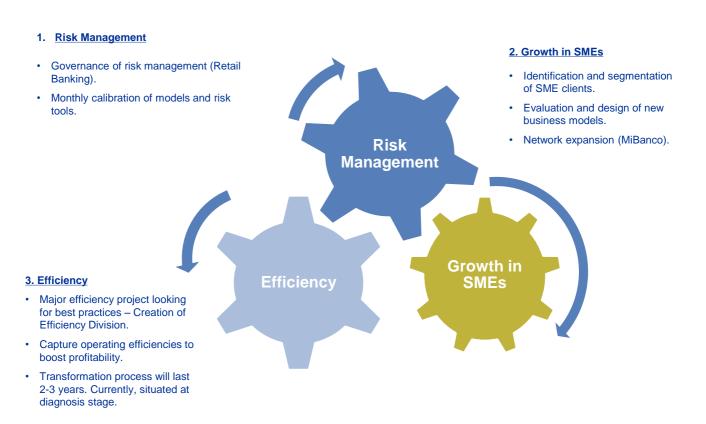
1.6 million in terms of loans.

4.5 million clients in terms of deposits and

· Use of sophisticated Data-Mining tools to analyze valuable information.



BCPs strategy focuses on three levers to support long term growth and profitability...

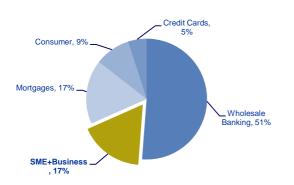


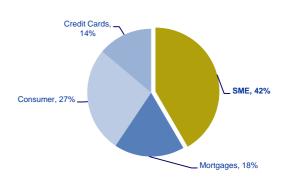


Why focus on SMEs?... SME shows great potential in terms of volume, profitability, and market share.

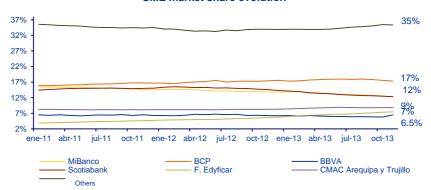


Distribution of Retail Banking Net Income





SME market share evolution





SME portfolio deterioration in 2013 has led to adjustments in our risk management...

Systemic effect

- System registered PDL deterioration and turning point starting on January 2013.
- Performance of commercial sector's GDP impacted PDL.

Evolution of debt

- Increase in the usage of credit lines in the system.
- Increase in number of institutions clients hold debt with.

2012 year-end campaign

- Client's sales from 2012 year-end campaign below estimates, in line with GDP performance.
- Clients faced higher service debt that couldn't pay off.

Fine tuning of risk and collection models

- Policies and processes
- Monthly calibration of scoring models and risk tools.
- Pricing



A strategy to increase our presence in consumer & SME clients through an expanded network...



Market share (%)	34.0%	38.2%	35.1%	37.5%	34.4%	37.8%
BCP's point of contact	10.7	14.2	16.0	21.7	26	26.4
per 100,000 people			16.9			26.4





Mobile banking adds value to different client segments...

Premium Mobile Banking - Smartphone Focus: User experience Technology: Apps Nativas Segment: Bex/Enalta Project: Premium Mobile Objective: Loyalty/Add value Banking Smartphone **Web-Mobile Banking** Focus: Transactional Segment: Bex /Consumer Web-Mobile Technology: Web-Mobile Objective: Redirect to more efficient Project: To be defined channels **Mobile Banking SMS** Focus: Transactional SMS Segment: Consumer Technology: SMS Objective: Redirect to more efficient Project: Alert system channels **Big Bang Project Big Bang Project** Focus: Massification Segment: Non-banking Technology: USSD (Electronic Wallet) **Objective:** Bancarization Project: Big Bang

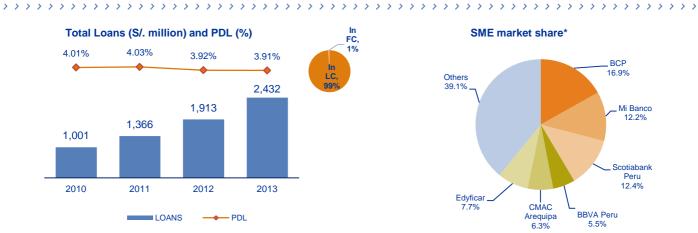


A business with high growth potential due to low banking penetration...

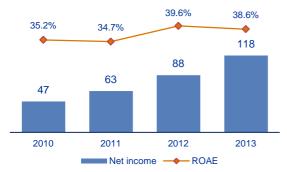




Our micro-lending vehicle contributes to bank low-income segments...

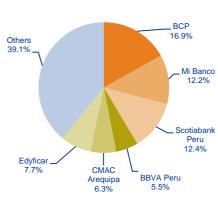


Net income (S/. million) and ROAE (%)



Sources: SBS, BCP and Edyficar.

SME market share*



Commercial Indicators

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Clients (thousand)	286	356	433	507
Employees	1,699	2,359	3,473	4,359
Branches	101	124	163	190

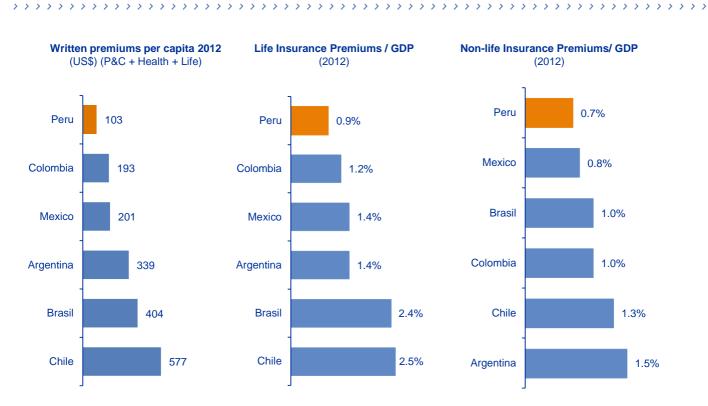
^{*} As of Dec-13.

Business Units

Banking – BCP
Insurance – Pacifico
Asset Management – ASB & Prima
AFP
Investment Banking – Credicorp
Capital



High growth potential explained by low insurance penetration in the country...





Pacifico's strategy is focused on three strategic pillars

Objectives Actions Develop scalable direct and alternative distribution channels with lower acquisition costs: sales force, telemarketing, sponsor and Highly productive electronic channels. Growth and professional Capture growth potential in provinces through development of tailored channels. value proposition supported by infrastructure and qualified management. Implement new core system architecture supported by world-class Start virtuous cycle: vendor solution (GuideWire and CRM). Low cost - good price Strengthen and decentralize specialized subscription model. - risk selection - more **Efficiency** Develop an effective reinsurance program, to control volatility, keep sales - higher results and reduce expenses. net income. Establish simple and standardized processes for greater customer satisfaction and low operational costs. Position ourselves as Effective and efficient transactions (first call resolution) to maximize the "easiest way of the value of every customer contact. Clients getting insured". Develop easy to understand policies and offer modular prices to attract

customers.

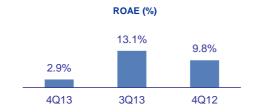


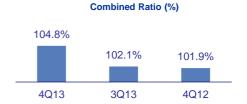
Higher contribution to BAP associated to better underwriting results in PPS and Health lines ...

Breakdown of Total Net Earned Premiums & Net Earnings by line of business (US\$ million)

			Quarter		% Cha	ange	Year e	ended	% Change
		4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY	2013	2012	2013 / 2012
D W	PPS (1)	76.2	76.4	71.3	-0.2%	6.8%	296.8	269.6	10.1%
arne	Life Insurance (1)	54.7	73.1	66.2	-25.2%	-17.4%	270.5	211.1	28.2%
Net Earned Premiums	Health Insurance (1)	63.5	60.5	57.6	4.8%	10.2%	241.7	243.9	-0.9%
Ž "	Total Pacifico Group (1)	194.0	209.4	194.8	-7.3%	-0.4%	807.5	724.4	11.5%
	1 la al a manaitia an manait (2)	05.0	00.0	44.5	04.00/	00.40/	447.4	447.7	0.50/
	Underw riting result (2)	25.6	33.8	41.5	-24.2%	-38.4%	117.1	117.7	-0.5%
<u> </u>	PPS	2.5	7.6	4.9	-67.2%	-49.3%	-1.4	13.7	-110.1%
s	Life Insurance	7.7	13.8	16.9	-44.2%	-54.3%	50.3	59.6	-15.7%
arnir	Health Insurance (4)	-5.4	0.4	-4.6	-1439.9%	17.4%	-4.7	-5.7	-18.3%
Net Earnings	Total Pacifico Group	4.2	18.2	16.9	-76.7%	-75.0%	39.3	67.1	-41.4%
Ž	Contribution to BAP	4.7	18.5	16.9	-74.4%	-72.0%	39.9	66.0	-39.5%

- (1) Without eliminations
- Figures of Pacífico.
- Before minority interest
- After results from medical services







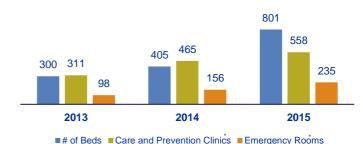
SANNA will be the most important and largest private medical network in the country...

Forecasted presence in the country



- Capacity: Number of Beds
- Capacity: Medical Offices.
- Capacity: Emergency Rooms.

Forecasted evolution of medical network



Capacity and Medical Care Volume

Bussiness Lines		Capacity	Medical Care Volume	
	Jan – 13	190	4,118	
Hospital ⁽¹⁾	Sep – 13	215	4,991	
·	Var%	13%	21%	
	Jan – 13	131	40,429	
Ambulatory (2)	Sep – 13	203	56,351	
	Var%	55%	39%	
	Jan – 13	47	7,842	
Emergency ⁽³⁾	Sep – 13	49	9,411	
	Var%	4%	20%	

Business Units

Banking – BCP
Insurance – Pacifico
Asset Management – ASB & Prima
AFP
Investment Banking – Credicorp
Capital

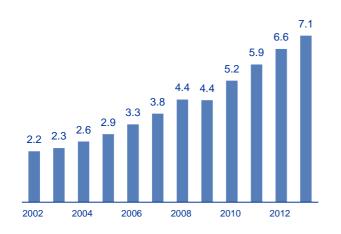


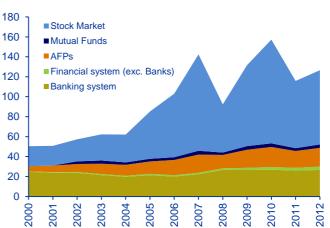
Growth potential in our asset management business due to the increase in wealth and higher income of individuals...

GDP per capita (US\$ thousand)

Saving in Peru

(Financial system, AFPs, Mutual funds and Stock Exchange) (% GDP)

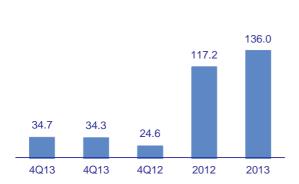






Prima's contribution to Credicorp remained stable QoQ obtaining a ROAE of 31.4% in 2013...







⁽¹⁾ Source: SBS, September 2013. Habitat = 0.1% for FuM and 1% for Collections.



Profitability in ASB remains strong this Q in spite of lower gains from sale of securities..

Summery of Deculte (LISS million)	Quarter		% Change			% Change		
Summary of Results (US\$ million)	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY	2013	2012	2013 / 2012
Net Interest income	9.7	9.4	9.7	3%	1%	39.3	37.9	4%
Dividend income	0.4	0.3	0.2	33%	74%	1.3	0.7	82%
Non financial income	2.2	2.1	2.1	3%	1%	7.4	9.1	-19%
Core Income	12.3	11.8	12.0	4%	2%	48.0	47.7	1%
Net provisions	0	0	0	0%	0%	(0)	0	0%
Net gains from sale of securities	2.6	0.2	2.3	948%	13%	12.7	7.7	64%
Other income	(0.0)	0.1	1.9	-126%	-101%	0.2	1.8	-90%
Operating expenses	(2.9)	(2.4)	(2.5)	21%	14%	(9.8)	(8.8)	11%
Net income	12.0	9.8	13.7	22%	-13%	50.7	48.4	5%
Contribution to BAP	12.0	9.8	13.7	22%	-13%	50.7	48.4	5%



Business Units

Banking – BCP
Insurance – Pacifico
Asset Management – ASB & Prima
AFP
Investment Banking – Credicorp
Capital



Growing integration among Chile, Peru and Colombia demands a regional presence. Together we are very relevant...

Motivations to become a regional champion

Regional integration

- Larger commercial trade between countries
- Increasing number of companies with multinational presence
- MILA boosting the regional market by attracting more investors and issuers

Regional client needs

- Peruvian, Colombian, Chilean, Brazilian and Mexican based companies financial needs are going beyond frontiers
- Increasing need of specialized regional knowledge and new financial instruments

Revenues

- Access to larger revenue pools
 - Attract clients in new geographies
 - Serve current clients outside their home country
- Diversification of revenues sources

Scale

 Obtain gains of scale by sharing best practices, common process, and sharable platforms

World Federation of Exchanges.
 LatinFocus.





But we want to be leaders in the LATAM markets, with a single regional platform and clear strategy...



- AuMs: More than USDMM 7,224 (Dec 2013).
- ECM: More than USDMM 9,000 (2010-2012).
- DCM Local: More than USDMM 4,500 in local bonds (2011-date).
- DCM International: More than USDMM 6,100 in 144A/Reg S bonds (2009-date).
- M&A: More than USDMM 5,000 in advised transactions (2008-2012).





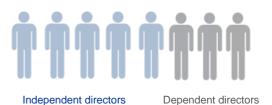
Environment Credicorp Business Units Sustainability



Board committees strengthen the Board's governance role and ensure oversight of internal control and risk management...



Balance of independent and non independent directors



Length of tenure of directors



■ 0-5 years ■ 5-10 years ■ 10+ years

⁽¹⁾ Established on October 31st, 2002.

⁽²⁾ Established on January 25, 2012.

⁽³⁾ Established on March 28, 2012.

⁽⁴⁾ Established on June 23, 2010.

⁽⁵⁾ Established on March 28, 2012.

⁽⁶⁾ Established on October 31st. 2012.



Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

This material includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical information provided herein are forward-looking and may contain information about financial results, economic conditions, trends and known uncertainties.

The Company cautions readers that actual results could differ materially from those expected by the Company, depending on the outcome of certain factors, including, without limitation: (1) adverse changes in the Peruvian economy with respect to the rates of inflation, economic growth, currency devaluation, and other factors, (2) adverse changes in the Peruvian political situation, including, without limitation, the reversal of market-oriented reforms and economic recovery measures, or the failure of such measures and reforms to achieve their goals, and (3) adverse changes in the markets in which the Company operates, including increased competition, decreased demand for financial services, and other factors. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof.

The Company undertakes no obligation to release publicly the result of any revisions to these forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof, including, without limitation, changes in the Company's business strategy or planned capital expenditures, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.



March 2014



BCP reports a robust growth in net interest income in line with strong loan book expansion...

Change % Summary of Results Quarter Year ended Change (US\$ million) 3Q13 QoQ 440.6 Net Interest Income 425.2 3.6% 1.683.1 402.8 9.4% 1.487.7 13.1% Provisions, net (125.4)(119.0)5.4% 21.6% 20.0% (103.1)(454.4)(378.6)Non financial income, net 226.2 211.7 232.8 6.9% -2.8% 841.6 861.3 -2.3% Operating expenses (1) 8.3% (1270.2)9.3% (328.5)(303.4)(337.9)-2.8% (1162.5)Total Operating Income (2) 212.9 214.4 -0.7% 9.4% 800.1 -1.0% 194.7 807.9 73.8% -119.4% Translation result (5.0)(2.9)25.7 (87.0)63.1 -237.9% Income tax (63.4)(60.5)(49.5)4.8% 28.2% (248.8)(208.7)19.2% Minority interest 0.0% 0.0% -11.6% (0.2)(0.2)0.0 (8.0)(0.9)Net Income 144.3 150.8 171.0 -4.3% -15.6% 463.5 661.4 -29.9% ROAF (3) 19.9% 21.9% 25.2% -200 bps -530 bps 16.1% 25.9% -980 bps 2.30% 2.25% PDI Ratio 1.78% +5 bps +52 bps 2.30% 1.78% +52 bps **NPL Ratio** 2.90% 2.84% 2.47% +6 bps +43 bps 2.90% +43 bps 2.47% Charge-off amount 86.1 88.2 1.8% 89.9 4.3% 308.2 264.5 16.5%

⁽¹⁾ Includes employees' profit sharing.

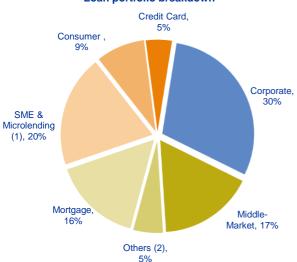
⁽²⁾ Income before translation results and income taxes.

⁽³⁾ Non-performing loans = Past due loans + Refinanced and restructured loans. NPL ratio = NPLs / Total loans.

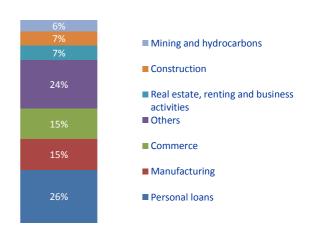


Sound portfolio growth across all our business lines ...

Loan portfolio breakdown



Loans by economic sector (3)



Distribution of Loan portfolio (4)

Lima: 73.8%Provinces: 26.2%

⁽¹⁾ Includes Edyficar.

⁽²⁾ Includes Work Out Unit, other banking and BCP Bolivia.

⁽³⁾ BCP - BCB - Solución - Edyficar - Credititulos

⁽⁴⁾ Source : SBS

Figures as of Dec 2013.



Local currency loans expressed in PEN expanded +8.9% QoQ and +32.7% YoY in average daily balances...





	TOTAL LOANS *							
Loans by Segment		(US\$ million)						
	4Q13	3Q13	4Q12	QoQ	YoY			
Wholesale Banking	10,419.2	9,897.0	9,313.6	5.3%	11.9%			
- Corporate	6,681.8	6,335.9	5,783.9	5.5%	15.5%			
- Middle Market	3,737.4	3,561.1	3,529.7	4.9%	5.9%			
Retail Banking	9,930.1	9,623.9	9,088.7	3.2%	9.3%			
- SME	2,543.1	2,480.0	2,362.1	2.5%	7.7%			
- Business	948.8	904.7	860.5	4.9%	10.3%			
- Mortgages	3,493.2	3,401.7	3,119.2	2.7%	12.0%			
- Consumer	1,926.6	1,852.7	1,739.6	4.0%	10.8%			
- Credit Cards	1,018.3	984.7	1,007.3	3.4%	1.1%			
Edyficar	898.0	822.9	700.8	9.1%	28.1%			
Others (1)	1,168.6	1,107.0	988.0	5.6%	18.3%			
Consolidated total loans	22,415.8	21,450.8	20,091.0	4.5%	11.6%			

LC Loans (E	xpressed in N) *	FC Loans (Expressed in US\$) *			
% Ch	ange	% Change			
QoQ	YoY	QoQ	YoY		
21.2%	64.9%	0.4%	2.1%		
21.8%	84.5%	0.3%	2.9%		
20.1%	36.3%	0.7%	0.6%		
4.8%	22.7%	-0.9%	0.1%		
3.1%	18.1%	-3.8%	-4.0%		
11.9%	29.2%	2.7%	4.9%		
6.9%	38.7%	-3.2%	-5.5%		
4.3%	19.0%	2.2%	14.5%		
3.3%	8.3%	2.6%	10.6%		
9.1%	39.5%	-4.4%	-10.4%		
-0.7%	16.6%	5.9%	21.5%		
8.9%	32.7%	0.6%	3.1%		

^{*} Average daily balances.

⁽¹⁾ Includes work Out Unit, other banking and BCP Bolivia.



Detail of international current bonds...

Tennor Issued Outstanding Coupon Yield Yield Bond Issue date Currency Amount USD **Amount USD** (Mar-12) (vears) rate (Dec-12) 60⁽¹⁾ Hybrid 250.000.000 01/11/09 USD 250,000,000 9.750% 5.456% 5.656% 15⁽¹⁾ Subo rdinated 15/10/07 PEN 7.170% 7.299%(7) 483,280,000 186,020,015 **15**⁽¹⁾ 2.960.000⁽³⁾ **Subordinated** 07/11/06 USD 120.000.000 6.950% 5.419% 5.484% Subordinated 15⁽¹⁾ 06/09/11 USD 476,120,000 476,120,000 6.875% 4.871% 4.782% **15**⁽¹⁾ Subordinated 24/04/12 USD 350,000,000 520,000,000(4) 6.125% 4.816% 4.816% Corporate 16/09/10 10 USD 800.000.000 800.000.000 5.375% 4.150% 3.736% Corporate 16/03/11 5 USD 700,000,000 365,435,000⁽⁵⁾ 4.750% 2.579% 1.965% 10 USD 716.301.000⁽⁶⁾ 4.051%(7) Corporate 01/04/13 350.000.000 4.250%

3,316,836,015

Long term	M arket				
debt (8)	USD M M	%			
Local	276	4.3%			
Internatio nal	6083 ⁽²⁾	95.7%			
Total	6,359	100%			

(2)

⁽¹⁾ Call date - 10 years

Including short-term debt

Result after the exchange of notes with the BCP26.

⁽⁴⁾ Result after reopening for US\$170,000,000.

 ⁽⁵⁾ Result after the exchange of notes with the BCP23.
 (6) Result after the exchange of notes with the BCP16.

⁽⁷⁾ As of May 03,2013.

⁽⁸⁾ As of September 2013.



We use a sophisticated methodology to control market, credit and operational risk...

people to enrich

1) Trading Book 2) Banking Book (Non-Trading) We monitor the market value of equities, We monitor liquidity and interest rate risk bonds, foreign currency and derivatives Liquidity risk Interest rate risk Tools: Liquidity coverage ratio GAP analysis Market Stressed VaR, Economic capital, Net stable funding ratio Sensibility analysis of NIM Risk Stress testing and Back testing. and Net Economic Value. Depositors concentration ratio Liquidity gap analysis Economic Capital Contingency plan for liquidity (required by Basel III) 1) Wholesale Banking 2) Retail Banking Rating Models; Risk-adjusted pricing and return tools. Solid team of professionals Credit information from the bureau. Organizational structure closer

- Scoring Models of approval and pre-approval for each retail product.
- •Income estimation models based on banking transactions data and credit
- Comprehensive vintage models by product and scoring.
- Behavior models to improve efficiency of collections.
- Risk-adjusted pricing tools.
- •In-house modeling unit to maximize the use of the information available.
- Continuous stress-testing to fine tune all models.

1) Methodology of risk valuation

business

analysis.

Risk

Operational

Risk

- International practices, norms, model of internal control of SOX
- Best practices (Australian model)

2) Loss Capture Management

 Monitor, quantification, definition of corrective measures, mitigation or minimization.

3) Business continuity strategy

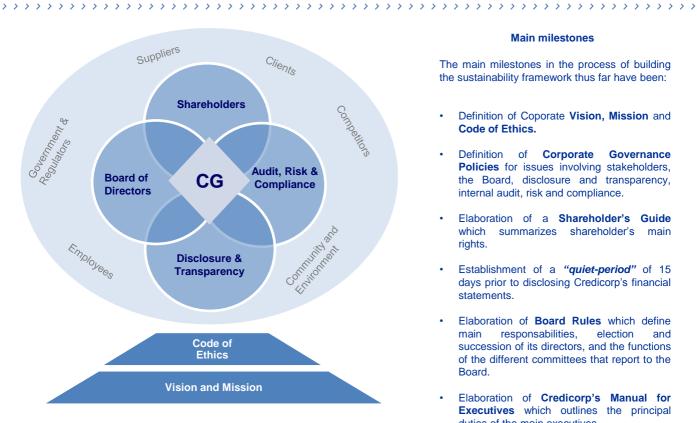
ISO Parameters

4) Management of Capital Requirements

- Over 50 managers with operational risk role and responsibility.
- Tactical committee (monthly Managers of the organization)
- •Risk Management Committee (quarterly)
- Operational Risk Management Report for the board of directors (annually)



Sustainability ensures business longevity by creating shared value to stakeholders...



Main milestones

The main milestones in the process of building the sustainability framework thus far have been:

- Definition of Coporate Vision, Mission and Code of Ethics.
- Corporate Definition of Governance Policies for issues involving stakeholders, the Board, disclosure and transparency, internal audit, risk and compliance.
- Flaboration of a Shareholder's Guide which summarizes shareholder's main rights.
- Establishment of a "quiet-period" of 15 days prior to disclosing Credicorp's financial statements.
- Elaboration of Board Rules which define responsabilities, election and main succession of its directors, and the functions of the different committees that report to the Board.
- Elaboration of Credicorp's Manual for Executives which outlines the principal duties of the main executives.



Credicorp has achieved the highest standards in risk management...

Objective

- Strengthening risk management at Credicorp consistent with the best practices and regulations;
- Encourage and adequate dissemination of the Corporation's risk culture; and
- Maintain a corporate risk control structure.

Scope

- Credicorp's corporate risk management system incorporates all of Credicorp's financial and insurance institutions.
- Corporate risk management covers the following risks→ Credit and Counterparty Risk , Operational Risk, Liquidity Risk, Market Risk, Strategic Risk, Reputational Risk and Insurance Technical Risk.

General Principles

- Senior Management Involvement→ The Board of Directors establishes the objectives, policies and risk appetite of the Corporation, with some of these duties delegated to a Risk Management Committee.
- Independent Risk Management→ The duties of risk areas and business areas are clearly segregated, avoiding conflicts of interest.
- Corporate Risk Management→ Credicorp monitors and controls risk through its corporate risk management system.
- Sufficiency and quality of resources associated with risk management.
- Compliance with the Credicorp Code of Ethics.

