CREDICORP

Earnings Conference Call First Quarter 2019



External Environment: changes compared to the last Conference Call

Tailwinds

- Ongoing advance of mining investment
 - Double-digit growth rates in the first quarter of the year.
- Improvement in trade talks between the US and China.
 - Price of copper increases 7.5% compared to end-2018.
- Inflows to emerging markets
 - PEN appreciation YTD.
 - Decrease in sovereign rates.

Headwinds

- Estimated GDP growth at around 2.5% YoY in 1Q19:
 - Contraction of primary sectors subtracted approximately 0.4 percent points to growth.
 - Decline in public investment subtracted around 0.3 percent points.
 - Deceleration of non-primary GDP
- Ongoing deterioration of global GDP growth forecasts
 - IMF lowered its 2019 GDP growth forecast to 3.3% (third consecutive cut).

Factors to watch

- Developments in Las Bambas mining unit.
- Corruption probes from the Lava Jato scandal continue.



Table 1: IMF world economic forecasts (% change) (1)

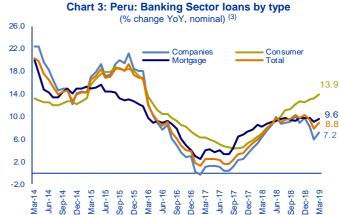
Economies	2018	2019		
LCOHOHIES	2016	Jan-19	Apr-19	
World	3.6	3.5	3.3 👢	
Advanced	2.3	2.0	1.8 棏	
United States	2.9	2.5	2.3 棏	
Eurozone	1.8	1.6	1.3 棏	
Japan	0.9	1.1	1.0 棏	
Emerging	4.6	4.5	4.4 👢	
China	6.6	6.2	6.3 👚	
Latam	1.1	2.0	1.4 👢	
Brazil	1.1	2.5	2.1 👢	
Mexico	2.1	2.1	1.6 棏	
Chile	4.0	3.4	3.4	
Colombia	2.7	3.3	3.5 👚	
Peru	4.0	3.8	3.9 👚	
Bolivia	4.2	4.2	4.0 棏	

For Bolivia, forecasts compared to December 2018

Chart 1: Peru: Total GDP and Non-primary GDP







- 1) Source: IMF (World Economic Outlook April, 2019)
- (2) Source: BCRP, BCP Economic Research. 1Q19 includes actual figures for January and February, and an estimate for March.
- (3) Source: Asbanc

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Universal Banking				
		 	>BCP> Stand-alone	>BCP> Bolivia
9	1Q19 C	Contribution ⁽¹⁾	74.1%	1.1%
C#		1Q18	22.9%	11.8%
(3)	ROAE	4Q18	19.4%	13.5%
	ا ا ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ	1Q19i	22.5%	7.4%

BCP Stand-alone:

- + YoY loan growth posted in all segments. However, total loans decrease QoQ due to cancelation of short-term loans in Wholesale Banking and in a lesser extent to seasonality.
- + Improvement in efficiency, QoQ and YoY.
- + Decrease in CofR YoY in line to portfolio risk quality

BCP Bolivia:

- + Loan growth and reduction in provisions
- Increase in operating expenses

Insurance & Pension Funds			
	 	pacifico	PRIMA
🔑 1Q19 Co	ntribution ⁽¹⁾	7.0%	5.2%
	1Q18	11.3% ⁽²⁾	24.3%
ROAE	4Q18	16.3% ⁽²⁾	¦ 19.4%
	1Q19	11.8% ⁽²⁾	37.6%

Pacifico:

- + Increase in net earned premiums in life insurance business
- + Corporate health insurance and medical services continue to improve.
- Contraction in underwriting result due to the increase in net claims in P&C

Prima AFP:

- + Improvement in operating efficiency.
- + Improvement in the profitability of legal reserve.

Microfinance				
			mibanco	encumbra
	1Q19 C	ontribution ⁽¹⁾	9.0%	0.2%
C#		1Q18	30.6%	4.2%
	ROAE	4Q18	21.4%	13.3%
L		1Q19	21.3%	12.4%

- Loan growth QoQ and YoY
- + Improvement in Cost of risk QoQ driven by a reduction in provisions after fine-tuning of both the admissions and the collections model during 2018
- Downward pressure on margins due to competition and growth in clients with better risk-profile
- Operating expenses increased as we built capabilities to sustain business growth: increase in headcount and increase in administrative and general expenses.
- We ratify the viability of our business model in Encumbra.

Investment Banking & Wealth Management

		CREDICORP capital	ASB≯
	ntribution ⁽¹⁾	1.4%	4.5%
	1Q18	11.1%	15.4%
O ROAE	4Q18	-8.8%	8.7%
	1Q19	9.8%	25.9%

- + MtM of proprietary investments recovered from low levels in 2018.
- + Wealth Management growth plans in Colombia are being evaluated after the acquisition of Ultraserfinco.
- Corporate Finance activity started 2019 with a slower pace than last year.
- Slowdown in growth of AuMs in Peruvian mutual funds and decrease in the third-party distribution business.

⁽¹⁾ Contribution calculated with Credicorp's Net income, which includes Others (Grupo Credito, Atlantic Security Holding Corporation and others Holdings of Credicorp Ltd).

⁽²⁾ Figures include unrealized gains that are considered in Pacifico's Net Equity from the investment portfolio of Pacifico Vida. ROAE excluding such unrealized gains was 15.2% in 1Q18, 19.3% in 4Q18 and 14.4% in 1Q19.

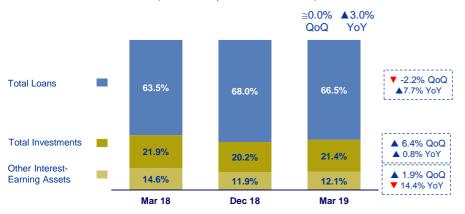


			QoQ	YoY
Profitability	Net income: ROAE: ROAA:	S/ 1,101 million 18.5% 2.5%	▲ 15.0%▲ 220 bps▲ 30 bps	▲ 6.1% ▼ -80 bps ▲ 10 bps
Loan portfolio	Quarter-end balances: Average daily balances: Net provisions for loan losses: Cost of risk:	S/ 108.4 billion S/ 107.6 billion S/ 383.2 million 1.41%	 -2.2% -0.5% -6.1% -6 bps 	▲ 7.7%
NII & NIM	Net interest income NIM Risk-adjusted NIM	S/ 2,189 million 5.37% 4.43%	 -2.5% -27 bps -19 bps	▲ 7.1%▲ 21 bps▲ 21 bps
Efficiency	Efficiency ratio	42.1%	▼ -340 bps	▼ -50 bps
Capital (BCP Stand-alone)	BIS ratio: Tier 1 ratio: CET1 ratio:	15.49% 11.73% 11.39%	▲ 132 bps ▲ 145 bps ▼ -16 bps	 ✓ -42 bps ✓ -2 bps ▲ 17 bps



Chart 1: Interest-Earning Assets

(S/ billion – quarter-end balances)





Total loans contracted QoQ due to cancelation of short-term loans in Wholesale Banking and seasonality, but YoY loan expansion was driven by highermargin business segments



Total investments expanded mainly due to growth in Peruvian government debt securities

Chart 2: Loan portfolio in average daily balances

(volume growth in S/ million)

1Q19 vs. 1Q18 growth: S/ 7,229 (7.2%)



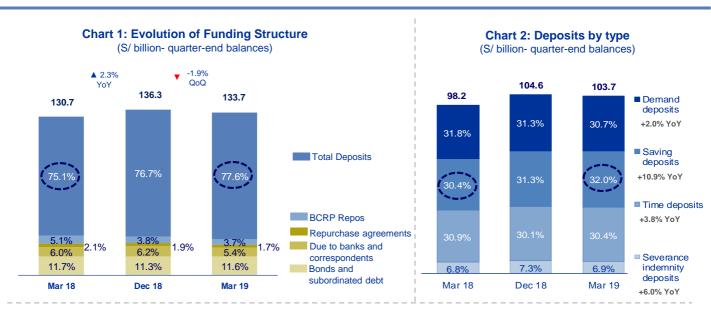


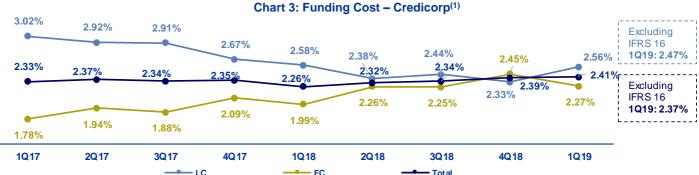
Loans expanded YoY in all business segments in average daily balances, mainly in Retail Banking in BCP Stand-alone



Loan expansion was mainly in LC loans, which have a higher margin than FC loans



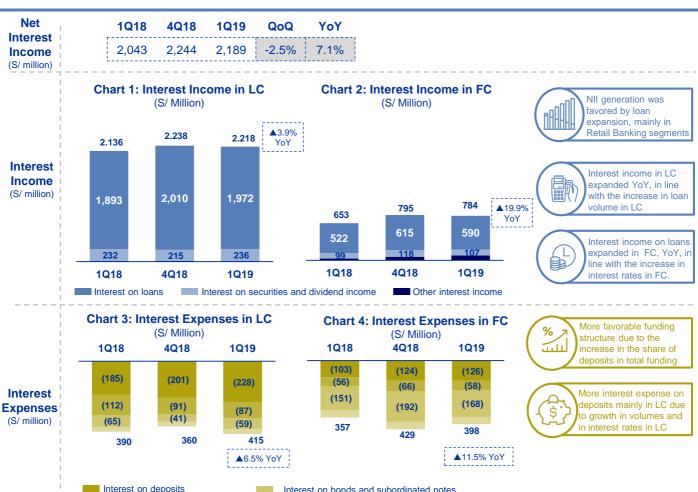




Net Interest Income (NII)

Interest on borrowed funds





Other interest expense







Chart 2: Evolution of Cost of Risk 1Q18 vs 1Q19



CofR Mibanco → Decrease

- + Reduction in provision requirement
- + Growth of the loan portfolio

T CofR BCP → Increase

- Contraction of the loan portfolio
- + Reduction in provision requirement

I CofR BCP → Decrease

- + Growth of the loan portfolio
- + Provision requirement was relatively flat

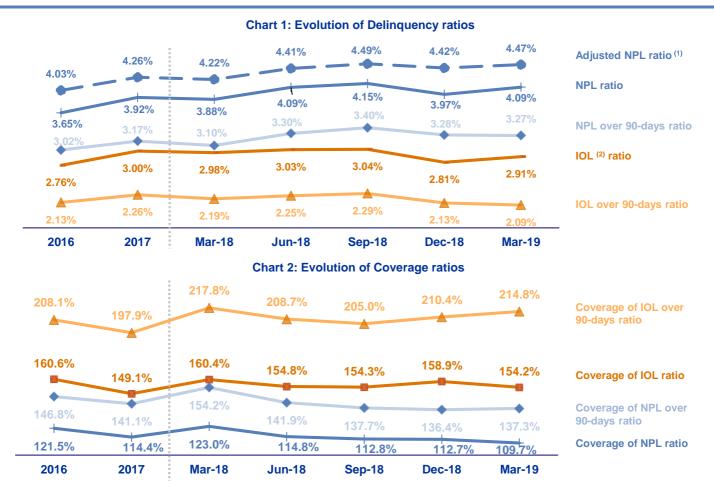
CofR Mibanco → Increase

- Increase in provision requirement
- + Growth of the loan portfolio

⁽¹⁾ On January 1, 2018, Credicorp adopted the IFRS9 methodology to calculate provisions requirements of Credicorp.

⁽²⁾ Cost of risk = Annualized provisions for loan losses net of recoveries / Total loans.





⁽¹⁾ Adjusted NPL ratio = (Non-performing loans + Write-offs) / (Total loans + Write-offs).

(2) IOL = Internal Overdue loans



Annual evolution



2018-2019







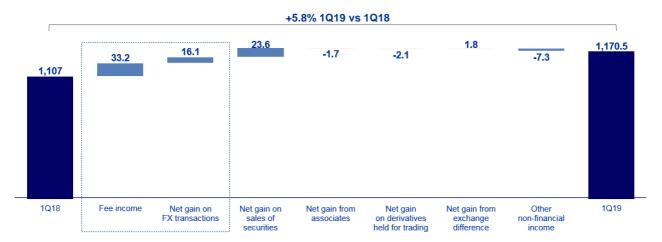


Chart 2: Fee income and Net gain on FX Transactions YoY evolution (S/ million)

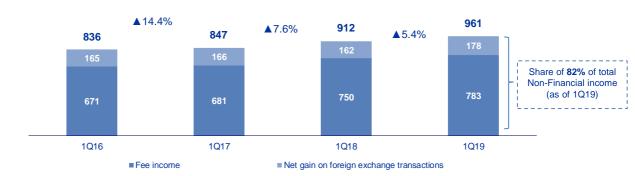




Chart 1: Efficiency ratio YoY evolution by income/expense

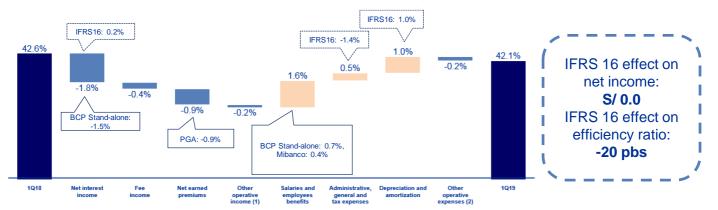
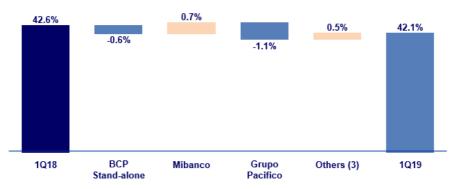


Chart 2: Efficiency ratio YoY evolution by subsidiary



⁽¹⁾ Other operating income includes: Net gain on foreign exchange transactions, Net gain from associates, Net gain on derivatives held for trading and Net gain from exchange difference.

 ⁽²⁾ Other operating expenses includes: Acquisition cost and Association in participation.
 (3) Others includes: Credicorp Capital, Prima AFP, BCP Bolivia, ASB, Grupo Crédito, am

Others includes: Credicorp Capital, Prima AFP, BCP Bolivia, ASB, Grupo Crédito, among other subsidiaries and the eliminations for consolidation purposes.

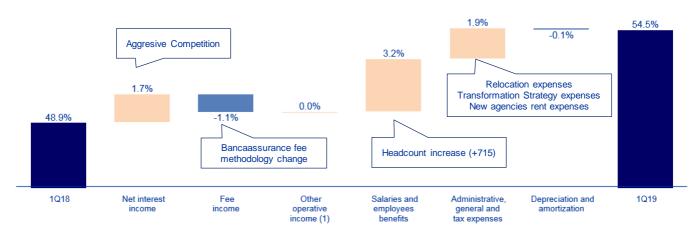


Net interest income YoY evolution by income/expense



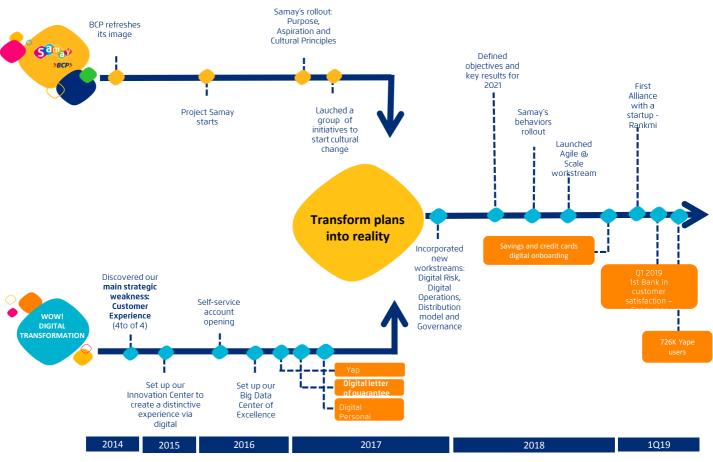


Efficiency ratio YoY evolution by income/expense

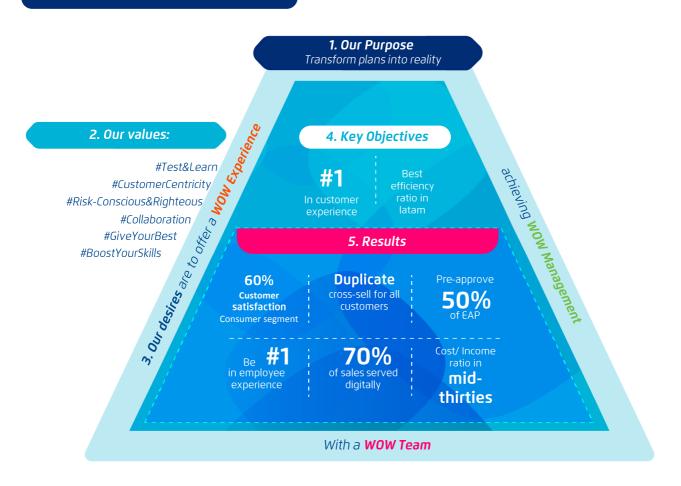


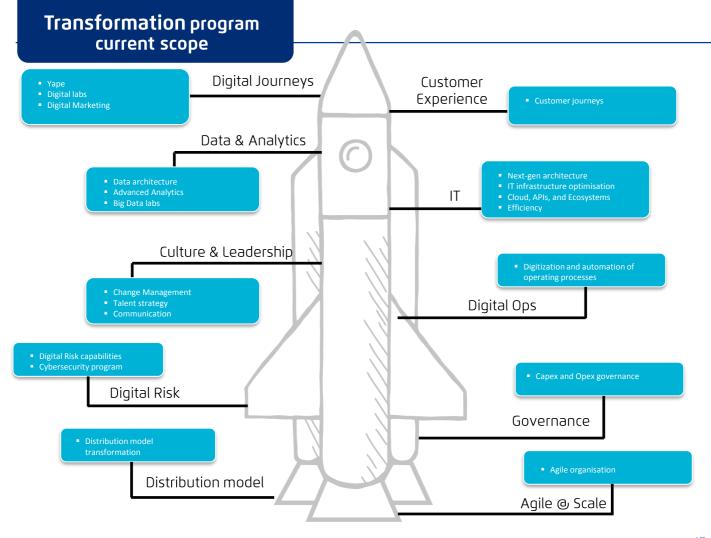
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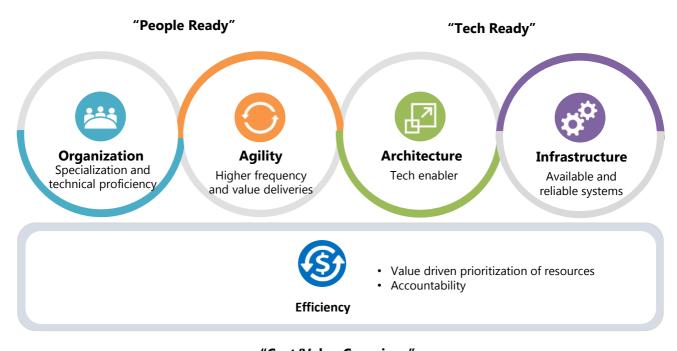
BCP's transformation story



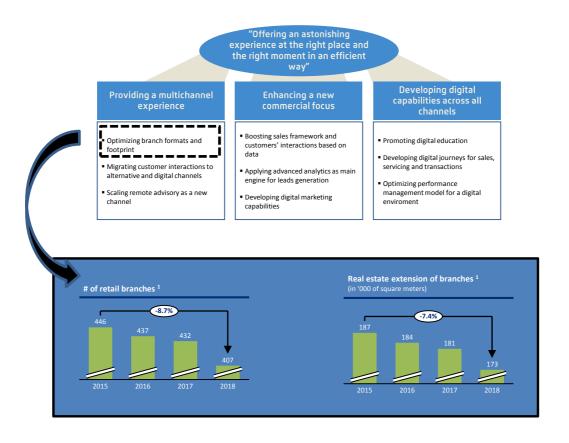
BCP's north stars for 2021





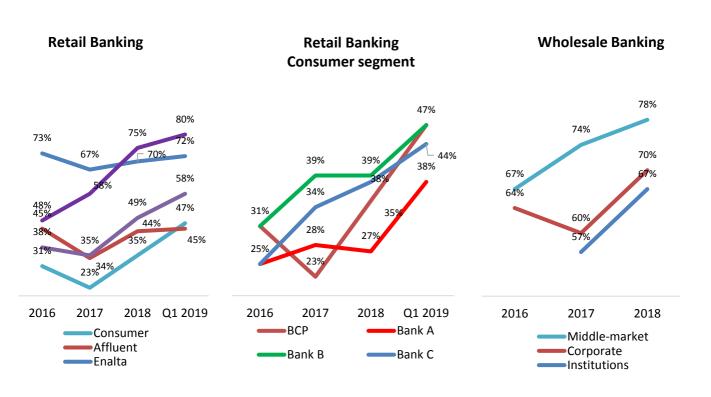


Transforming the distribution model



¹ Affluent branches and other special formats not focused on consumer segment are not included.

Customer satisfaction (T2B)





Macroeconomic indicators	2019 FY Guidance
Real GDP growth % (1)	≈3.7%
Domestic demand real growth% (1)	≈3.8%
Private investment growth % (1)	≈5.3%
BCRP reference rate year-end	2.75%
Inflation % (1)	2.3%
Exchange rate Year-end	≈3.35% - 3.40

Credicorp	2019 FY Guidance	1Q19 Results
Loan growth (average daily balances)	8% - 10%	-0.5%
Cost of Risk	1.3% - 1.5%	1.41%
NIM	5.4% - 5.7%	5.37%
Risk-adjusted NIM	4.4% - 4.7%	4.43%
Efficiency ratio	Stable (Full year 2018: 43.7%)	42.1%
BCP Stand-alone CET1	No less than 11% every 1Q (quarter in which we reflect the declaration of dividends each year).	11.39%
ROAE	17.5% - 18.5%	18.5%
Sustainable ROAE	≈19.00%	N.A.



This material includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical information provided herein are forward-looking and may contain information about financial results, economic conditions, trends and known uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based only on the Company's current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions.

Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as: "anticipate", "intend", "plan", "goal", "seek", "believe", "project", "estimate", "expect", "strategy", "future", "likely", "may", "should", "will" and similar references to future periods. Examples of forward-looking statements include, among others, statements or estimates we make regarding guidance relating to Return on Average Equity, Sustainable Return on Average Equity, Cost of Risk, Loan growth, Efficiency ratio, BCP Stand-alone Common Equity Tier 1 Capital ratio and Net Interest Margin, current or future volatility in the credit markets and future market conditions, expected macroeconomic conditions, our belief that we have sufficient liquidity to fund our business operations during the next year, expectations of the effect on our financial condition of claims, litigation, environmental costs, contingent liabilities and governmental and regulatory investigations and proceedings, strategy for customer retention, growth, product development, market position, financial results and reserves and strategy for risk management.

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